



PUBLIC SCHOOL DARBHANGA
WORKSHEET-1
CLASS VI
SUB – S.St
Chapter -1(Geography)
The Earth in the Solar System

Name: _____

Date: _____

Q1. Fill in the blanks.

i. The North Star indicates the _____ direction.

ii. The sun is in the _____ of the solar system.

iii. We can see the full moon only once in about a _____ time.

iv. Full moon night is also known as _____.

v. Ursa Major or

Big Bear is a _____.

Q2. True/False

i. All the planets move around the sun in an elongated path. _____

ii. Earth is huge and made up of extremely hot liquids. _____

iii. The word 'planet' comes from the Greek word "Planetai" which means 'wanderers'. _____

iv. The moon is in the

centre of the solar system. _____ **Q3. Answer the following questions.**

1. How long does it take to go from a new moon to a full moon?

_____ 2. Name
few dwarf planets.

3. Which is the third nearest planet to the sun?

4. Which is the closest celestial body to our earth?

5. Name the natural satellite of the earth?

_____ 6. Where are
the most asteroids found?

Q4. Tick the correct answer.

(a) The planet known as the “Earth’s Twin” is

(i) Jupiter (ii) Saturn (iii) Venus

(b) Which is the third nearest planet to the sun ?

(i) Venus (ii) Earth (iii) Mercury

(c) All the planets move around the sun in a

(i) Circular path (ii) Rectangular path (iii) Elongated path

(d) The Pole Star indicates the direction to the

(i) South (ii) North (iii) East

(e) Asteroids are found between the orbits of

(i) Saturn and Jupiter (ii) Mars and Jupiter (iii) The Earth and Mars

ANSWER KEY

Q1.i. north ii. centre iii. month's iv. Poornima. V. constellation.

Q2. i. True ii. False iii. True iv. False

Q3. 1. It takes a fortnight to go from a new moon to a full moon.

2. Pluto, Ceres, 2003 and UB313

3. Earth is the third nearest planet to the sun.

4. The moon is the closest celestial body to our earth.

5. Moon is the natural satellite of the earth.

6. They are found between the orbits of Mars and Jupiter.

Q4.a.(iii) Venus b. (ii) Earth c.(iii) Elongated path d. (ii) North e. (ii) Mars and Jupiter

