



PUBLIC SCHOOL DARBHANGA
SESSION (2020-21)
CLASS-VI
MATHEMATICS
KNOWING YOUR NUMBERS
Worksheet no.1 (answer key)

1. Fill in the blanks:

- (a) 1 lakh = ten thousand.
(b) 1 million = hundred thousand.
(c) 1 crore = ten lakh.
(d) 1 crore = million.
(e) 1 million = lakh. **Solutions:**

(a) 1 lakh = 10 ten thousand
= 1,00,000

(b) 1 million = 10 hundred thousand
= 10,00,000

(c) 1 crore = 10 ten lakh
= 1,00,00,000

(d) 1 crore = 10 million
= 1,00,00,000

(e) 1 million = 10 lakh
= 1,00,000

2. Place commas correctly and write the numerals:

- (a) Seventy three lakh seventy five thousand three hundred seven.
(b) Nine crore five lakh forty one.
(c) Seven crore fifty two lakh twenty one thousand three hundred two.
(d) Fifty eight million four hundred twenty three thousand two hundred two.
(e) Twenty three lakh thirty thousand ten. **Solutions:**
(a) The numeral of seventy three lakh seventy five thousand three hundred seven is 73,75,307
(b) The numeral of nine crore five lakh forty one is 9,05,00,041
(c) The numeral of seven crore fifty two lakh twenty one thousand three hundred two is 7,52,21,302
(d) The numeral of fifty eight million four hundred twenty three thousand two hundred two is 5,84,23,202
(e) The numeral of twenty three lakh thirty thousand ten is 23,30,010

3. Insert commas suitably and write the names according to Indian System of Numeration:

- (a) 87595762 (b) 8546283 (c) 99900046 (d) 98432701 Solutions:**
(a) 87595762 – Eight crore seventy five lakh ninety five thousand seven hundred sixty two
(b) 8546283 – Eighty five lakh forty six thousand two hundred eighty three
(c) 99900046 – Nine crore ninety nine lakh forty six
(d) 98432701 – Nine crore eighty four lakh thirty two thousand seven hundred one

4. Insert commas suitably and write the names according to International System of Numeration:

(a) 78921092 (b) 7452283 (c) 99985102 (d) 48049831

Solutions:

(a) 78921092 – Seventy eight million nine hundred twenty one thousand ninety two

(b) 7452283 – Seven million four hundred fifty-two thousand two hundred eighty three

(c) 99985102 – Ninety-nine million nine hundred eighty five thousand one hundred two

(d) 48049831 – Forty-eight million forty-nine thousand eight hundred thirty-one

5. A book exhibition was held for four days in a school. The number of tickets sold at the counter on the first, second, third and final day was respectively 1094, 1812, 2050 and 2751. Find the total number of tickets sold on all the four days.

Solutions:

Number of tickets sold on 1st day = 1094

Number of tickets sold on 2nd day = 1812

Number of tickets sold on 3rd day = 2050
Number of tickets sold on 4th day = 2751

Hence, number of tickets sold on all the four days = $1094 + 1812 + 2050 + 2751 = 7707$ tickets

6. Shekhar is a famous cricket player. He has so far scored 6980 runs in test matches. He wishes to complete 10,000 runs. How many more runs does he need?

Solutions:

Shekhar scored = 6980 runs

He want to complete = 10000 runs

Runs need to score more = $10000 - 6980 = 3020$

Hence, he need 3020 more runs to score

7. In an election, the successful candidate registered 5,77,500 votes and his nearest rival secured 3,48,700 votes. By what margin did the successful candidate win the election?

Solutions:

No. of votes secured by the successful candidate =

577500
No. of votes secured by his rival = 348700

Margin by which he won the election = $577500 - 348700 = 228800$ votes \therefore

Successful candidate won the election by 228800 votes

8. Kirti bookstore sold books worth Rs 2,85,891 in the first week of June and books worth Rs 4,00,768 in the second week of the month. How much was the sale for the two weeks together? In which week was the sale greater and by how much?

Solutions:

Price of books sold in June first week = Rs 285891
Price of books sold June second week = Rs 400768

No. of books sold in both weeks together = $\text{Rs } 285891 - \text{Rs } 400768 = \text{Rs } 686659$

The sale of books is the highest in the second week

Difference in the sale in both weeks = $\text{Rs } 400768 - \text{Rs } 285891 = \text{Rs } 114877$

\therefore Sale in second week was greater by Rs 114877 than in the first week.

9. Find the difference between the greatest and the least 5-digit number that can be written using the digits 6, 2, 7, 4, 3 each only once.

Solutions:

Digits given are 6, 2, 7, 4, 3

Greatest 5-digit number = 76432

Least 5-digit number = 23467

Difference between the two numbers = $76432 - 23467 = 52965$

∴ The difference between the two numbers is 52965

10. A machine, on an average, manufactures 2,825 screws a day. How many screws did it produce in the month of January 2006?

Solutions:

Number of screws manufactured in a day =

2825 Since January month has 31 days

Hence, number of screws manufactured in January = $31 \times 2825 =$

87575 Hence, machine produce 87575 screws in the month of January 2006

11. A merchant had Rs 78,592 with her. She placed an order for purchasing 40 radio sets at Rs 1200 each. How much money will remain with her after the purchase?

Solutions:

Total money the merchant had = Rs 78592

Number of radio sets she placed an order for purchasing = 40 radio sets

Cost of each radio set = Rs 1200

So, cost of 40 radio sets = $\text{Rs } 1200 \times 40 = \text{Rs } 48000$

Money left with the merchant = $\text{Rs } 78592 - \text{Rs } 48000 = \text{Rs } 30592$

Hence, money left with the merchant after purchasing radio sets is Rs 30592

12. A student multiplied 7236 by 65 instead of multiplying by 56. By how much was his answer greater than the correct answer?

Solutions:

Difference between 65 and 56 i.e $(65 - 56) = 9$

The difference between the correct and incorrect answer = $7236 \times 9 =$

65124 Hence, by 65124, the answer was greater than the correct answer

13. To stitch a shirt, 2 m 15 cm cloth is needed. Out of 40 m cloth, how many shirts can be stitched and how much cloth will remain?

Solutions:

Given

Total length of the cloth = 40 m

$= 40 \times 100 \text{ cm} = 4000 \text{ cm}$

Cloth required to stitch one shirt = 2 m 15 cm =

$2 \times 100 + 15 \text{ cm} = 215 \text{ cm}$

Number of shirts that can be stitched out of 4000 cm = $4000 / 215 = 18$ shirts

Hence 18 shirts can be stitched out of 40 m and 1m 30 cm of cloth is left out

14. Medicine is packed in boxes, each weighing 4 kg 500g. How many such boxes can be loaded in a van which cannot carry beyond 800 kg?

Solutions:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Weight of one box} &= 4 \text{ kg } 500 \text{ g} = 4 \times 1000 + 500 \\ &= 4500 \text{ g}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Maximum weight carried by the van} &= 800 \text{ kg} = 800 \times 1000 \\ &= 800000 \text{ g}.\end{aligned}$$

Hence, number of boxes that can be loaded in the van = $800000 / 4500 = 177$ boxes

15. The distance between the school and a student's house is 1 km 875 m. Everyday she walks both ways. Find the total distance covered by her in six days.

Solutions:

Distance covered between school and house = 1 km 875 m = $1000 + 875 = 1875$ m Since, the student walk both ways.

Hence, distance travelled by the student in one day = $2 \times 1875 = 3750$ m

Distance travelled by the student in 6 days = $3750 \text{ m} \times 6 = 22500 \text{ m} = 22 \text{ km } 500 \text{ m} \therefore$

Total distance covered by the student in six days is 22 km and 500 m

16. A vessel has 4 litres and 500 ml of curd. In how many glasses, each of 25 ml capacity, can it be filled?

Solutions:

Quantity of curd in the vessel = 4 l 500 ml = $4 \times 1000 + 500 = 4500$ ml Capacity of 1 glass = 25 ml

\therefore Number of glasse that can be filled with curd

$$= 4500 \div 25 = 180$$

Hence, 180 glasses can be filled with curd.

