



**PUBLIC SCHOOL DARBHANGA**  
**SESSION ( 2020-21)**  
**CLASS-VI**  
**MATHEMATICS**  
**POLYNOMIALS**  
Worksheet no.2

1. Find the value of the polynomial  $(x)=5x-4x^2+3$

(i)  $x=0$

(ii)  $x=-$

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(iii)  $x=2$

2. Find  $p(0)$ ,  $p(1)$  and  $p(2)$  for each of the following polynomials:

(i)  $p(y)=y^2-y+1$

(ii)  $p(t)=2+t+2t^2-t$

(iii)  $p(x)=x^3$

(iv)  $p(x)=(x-1)(x+1)$

3. Following are zeroes of the polynomial, indicated against them.

(i)  $p(x)=3x+1$ ,  $x=-1$

(ii)  $p(x)=5x-\pi$ ,  $x=4$

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(iii)  $p(x)=x^2-1$ ,  $x=1, -1$

(iv)  $p(x)=(x+1)(x-2)$ ,  $x=-1, 2$

(v)  $p(x)=x^2$ ,  $x=0$

4. Find the zero of the polynomial in each of the following cases:

(i)  $p(x) = x + 5$

(ii)  $p(x) = x - 5$

(iii)  $p(x) = 2x + 5$       (iv)  $p(x) = 3x - 2$

(v)  $p(x) = 3x$

(vi)  $p(x) = ax$ ,  $a \neq 0$

(vii)  $p(x) = cx + d$ ,  $c \neq 0$ ,  $c, d$  are real numbers.

5. Find the remainder when  $x^3+3x^2+3x+1$  is divided by

(i)  $x+1$

(ii)  $x+\pi$

(iii)  $5 + 2x$

